

PHYSICAL ACTIVITY & CVD

Each year, physical inactivity contributes to more than preventable deaths

Regular physical activity helps prevent and treat













Heart disease

Diabetes

Hypertension

Overweight and obesity



It can also improve mental health, quality of life and well-being!



Steps you can take on the road to a healthy heart

CHILDREN & ADOLESCENTS

5-17 years

of moderate to vigorous-intensity physical activity

Vigorous-intensity aerobic activities, as well as those that strengthen muscle and bone, should be incorporated at least



ADULTS & SENIORS

18+ years



vigorous-intensity aerobic physical activity

Adults should also do muscle strengthening activities at moderate or greater intensity that involve all major muscle groups on

2 OR MORE DAYS A WEEK

Limit the amount of time spent being sedentary, particularly recreational screen time, and replace it with more physical activity of any intensity (even light intensity).

If you are not active, start with small amounts of physical activity and gradually increase the duration, frequency and intensity over time.



YOU DON'T NEED TO GO TO THE GY TO BE PHYSICALLY ACTIVE!

Take the stairs instead of the elevator. If you can, walk or cycle to work – even if it's just part of the way. Take breaks during the day to move around and do simple exercises.

In order to be beneficial for your cardiorespiratory health, all activity should be performed in bouts of at least

10 MINUTES



EXAMPLES OF MODERATE INTENSITY PHYSICAL ACTIVITY



- Brisk walking
- Cycling
- Gardening
- Housework
- Ballroom dancing
- Skateboarding

EXAMPLES OF VIGOROUS INTENSITY PHYSICAL ACTIVITY





- Jogging/running
- Hiking
- Fast cycling
- Fast swimming
- Aerobics
- Playing competitive sports

AND DON'T FORGET... SOME PHYSICAL ACTIVITY IS BETTER THAN NONE AT ALL!







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